<u>Amendments to the Claims:</u> This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application

Listing of Claims:

- (Currently Amended) A process for performing a coupling reaction between acetaldehyde and a terminal alkyne to yield a hydroxyalkyne comprising the steps of;
 - (i) reacting without solvent, a terminal alkyne with zinc triflate in the presence of (+)or (-)-N-methylephedrine and a cyclic amine base selected from the group
 comprising consisting of 1,8-diazabicyclo[5.4.0]undec-7-ene (DBU), 1,5diazabicyclo-[4.3.0]non-5-ene and 1,4-diazabicyclo[2.2.2]octane, to form a metalalkyne complex, and
 - (ii) adding a solution of acetaldeyde in a solvent selected from the group consisting of a hydrocarbon, an aromatic hydrocarbon, an ether, an alcohol-or and a chlorinated hydrocarbon to the metal alkyne complex.
- (Currently Amended) A process according to claim 1 wherein the terminal alkyne is of general formula R¹R²C(OH)C≡CH in which R¹ and R² may be the same or different and are selected from the group-comprising consisting of methyl, ethyl and propyl.
- 3. (Currently Amended) A process according to claim 1_{r} or claim 2 wherein the acetaldehyde concentration is between 0.1 and 2 moles/litre.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A process according to any one of claims 1 to 3 claim 1, wherein step (ii) is performed at -20 to 25°C over a period of 3 to 10 hours.
- 5. (Currently Amended) A process according to any one of claims 1 to 4 claim 1, wherein the molar ratio of zinc triflate: acetaldehyde is 1.5:1, the molar ratio of cyclic amine base: acetaldehyde is 1.6:1 and the molar ratio of (+)- or (-)-N-methylephedrine to acetaldehyde is 1.6:1.